

5 Jun 25

Six-functor formalisms, pt II

§ 1 recall

(six functors & axioms, some of which I hadn't mentioned so far)

Spaces $\rightsquigarrow$ categories of coefficients for cohomology

$$X \longmapsto \mathcal{C}(X)$$

connected by six functors

$\otimes$, $\hom$,

$$f^* + f_*, f^! + f_!$$

encode (co)homology & cap product.

for suitable $f: X \rightarrow Y$ of spaces.

Some axioms:

- f^* strongly monoidal (encodes cap-product compatib. of f^* & Künneth formula)

- natural transformation $(-)_! \rightarrow (-)_*$, equiv. for proper maps

- for $\mathcal{C}$ morphisms natural transformation

$$f^*(-) \otimes \mathcal{H}_x(\mathcal{L}_f) \rightarrow f^!(-),$$

equivalence for smooth maps.

- base change

$$f^* p_! \xrightarrow{\sim} q_! g^*$$

$$q_* g^! \xrightarrow{\sim} f^! p_*$$

for cartesian square

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X' & \xrightarrow{g} & X \\ q \downarrow & & \downarrow p \\ S' & \xrightarrow{f} & S \end{array}$$

- projection formula

$$M \otimes f_!(N) \xrightarrow{\sim} f_!(f^* M \otimes N)$$

+ variants.

Vandier duality: $D_X: M \mapsto \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{D}(X)}(M, p^! \mathbb{1})$
 duality on constructible / gpt. objects $p: X \rightarrow \text{pt.}$

$$\boxed{D f! \xrightarrow{\sim} f_* D \quad , \quad f^* D \xrightarrow{\sim} p^! D}$$

§ 2: 1 1/2 more examples

Toy example
 (note even a half example)

for $f: X \rightarrow Y$ get

Spaces = finite sets $\mathbb{Z}$ some field, maybe $\mathbb{Q}_\ell$

coefficients: $X \mapsto \text{Map}(X, \mathbb{Z})$

$$f^*: \text{Map}(Y, \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow \text{Map}(X, \mathbb{Z})$$

$Y \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \mapsto X \xrightarrow{f} Y \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$
 actually a ring homomorphism!

$$f_*: \text{Map}(X, \mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow \text{Map}(Y, \mathbb{Z})$$

$$X \xrightarrow{g} \mathbb{Z} \mapsto f_* g(Y) = \sum_{x \in f^{-1}(y)} g(x)$$

"integration over fibres"

$$\text{dim: for } f: X \rightarrow \{\pm\} \\ f! f^* \mathbb{1} = \# X.$$

more serious example

ℓ -adic sheaves

Spaces = varieties over a finite field $\mathbb{F}_q$.

$$X \in \text{Var}/\mathbb{F}_q \mapsto \mathcal{D}_{(c)}^{(b)}(X, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

(bounded constructible) derived category of

ℓ -adic sheaves on X , build from

étale top. on X , $\varprojlim_n$ system of sheaves w/ $\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$ -coeffs.

then $- \otimes \mathbb{Q}_\ell$

assoc. six functor formalism for

ℓ -adic cohomology

well-behaved cohomology

theory for varieties over finite fields

now can try to translate fun stuff from finite sets
to $\mathbb{C}$ -adic sheaves, e.g., convolution, Fourier transform,
point counting.

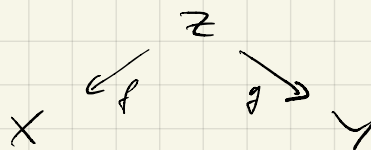
§3 correspondences

We've seen how six functors relate (co)homology
of X, Y whenever we have a map $f: X \rightarrow Y$
some aspects work more generally for

correspondences

name origin
incidence correspondence?

$$\{(p, \ell) \mid p \in \ell\} \subseteq \mathbb{P}^h \times (\mathbb{P}^h)^\vee$$



Fourier-Mukai transform

for kernel $\mathcal{K} \in \mathcal{C}(Z)$

functor $\mathcal{C}(X) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}(Y)$

$$\mathcal{F}/_X \mapsto g_!(f^* \mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{K})$$

(modelled on classical Fourier transform

$$pr_2! (pr_1^* \otimes ev^* \exp(-2\pi i \cdot))$$

for

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^\vee & \\ pr_1 \swarrow & & \searrow pr_2 \\ \mathbb{R} & \xrightarrow{ev} & \mathbb{R}^\vee \end{array}$$

$$\hat{f}(\xi) = \int f(x) \exp(-2\pi i \xi \cdot x) dx$$

also, $\mathbb{C}$ -adic Fourier transform appears in a lot of Weil conjectures
(Deligne, Carmona)

cohomological correspondence

between $\mathcal{F}/X, \mathcal{G}/Y$

$$f \in \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}(Z)}(f^*\mathcal{F}, g^*\mathcal{G}) = \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}(Y)}(g_*f^*\mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G})$$

acts on cohomology (if g proper)

$$R\Gamma(X, \mathcal{F}) \xrightarrow{\text{unit } f^* \dashv f_*} R\Gamma(X, f_*f^*\mathcal{F}) \xrightarrow{\alpha} R\Gamma(X, f_*g^*\mathcal{G})$$

$$R\Gamma(Y, \mathcal{G}) \xleftarrow{\text{counit } g_* \dashv g^*} R\Gamma(Y, g_*g^*\mathcal{G})$$

counit $g_* \dashv g^*$
& g proper $g_* = g_*$

dually, action on cpt. supp.
cohom. if f proper.

$$R\Gamma_c(Y, \mathcal{G}) \rightarrow R\Gamma_c(X, \mathcal{F})$$

well-def'd composition of
correspondences : base-change

there is a general six functor formalism def of

trace of an endomorphism (in correspondences)

$$\alpha: f^*\mathcal{F} \rightarrow g^*\mathcal{F} \quad \text{on} \quad X \xleftarrow{f} Z \xrightarrow{g} Y$$

lives in coeff category of fixed pt. scheme

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Fix}(c) & \xrightarrow{\delta} & Z \\ \downarrow i & \lrcorner & \downarrow c \\ X & \xrightarrow{\Delta} & X \times X \end{array}$$

can be applied to graph of Frobenius as correspondence

for varieties over finite fields ~ Weil conjectures

S 4 function-sheaf dictionary

(writes the two examples)

Setup: X variety $/\mathbb{F}_q \rightsquigarrow D_c^b(X, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$

$$\bar{X} = X \times_{\mathbb{F}_q} \bar{\mathbb{F}_q}$$

has Frobenius action.

derived cat. of ℓ -adic sheaves on X_0 .

$\mathcal{F}$ in formal $\mathcal{F}$

consists of

$$\begin{aligned} \text{tr} : D_c^b(X, \mathbb{Q}_\ell) &\rightarrow \text{Map}(X(\mathbb{F}_q), \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \\ \mathcal{F}/X &\mapsto \left(x \in X(\mathbb{F}_q) \mapsto \sum (-1)^i \text{tr}(\text{Frob}^* | H^i(\mathcal{F}_x)) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$\text{tr}(\mathcal{F})$

properties:

- traces are additive, compatible w/ composition
- compatible w/ pullbacks

- Grothendieck-Lefschetz-Vander trace formula

$$D_c^b(X, \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \xrightarrow{f^!} D_c^b(Y, \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

$$\text{tr} \downarrow$$

$$\text{Map}(X(\mathbb{F}_q), \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \xrightarrow{f_!} \text{Map}(Y(\mathbb{F}_q), \mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

$$\downarrow \text{tr}$$

for $f: X \rightarrow Y$
isomorphism of varieties $/\mathbb{F}_q$.

specialize to $c: X \rightarrow \text{Spec } \mathbb{F}_q$

$$\# X(\mathbb{F}_q) = c_* c^* 1 = c_* c^* \text{tr}(\mathbb{Q}_\ell)$$

$$= \text{tr}(c_* c^* \mathbb{Q}_\ell) = \sum (-1)^i \text{tr}(\text{Frob}^* | H_c^i(\bar{X}, \mathbb{Q}_\ell))$$

trace formula

trace on cohomology

count points

§5 example: categorification of Hecke algebra

$$G = GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q) \quad , \quad B = \text{upper triag matrices}$$

Hecke alg: $\mathcal{H}(G, B) =$ B -bimodular functions on G
w/ convolution as multiplication

convolution in six factor language:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & G \times G & \xrightarrow{\mu} G \\ \text{pr}_1 \swarrow & & \searrow \text{pr}_2 \\ G & & G \end{array}$$

in finite set example; $f, g: G \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$f * g = \mu_*((\text{pr}_1^* f) \cdot (\text{pr}_2^* g))$$

in $\mathbb{C}$ -algebra example (for alg. gp / $\mathbb{F}_q$)

$$f * g = \mu_* \left(\underbrace{f \otimes g}_{\text{pr}_1^* f \otimes \text{pr}_2^* g} \right)$$

usual def
 $(fg)(c) = \int f(x)g(c-x)dx$
 for suitable functions on $\mathbb{R}$.

$\leadsto$ can "categorify" Hecke alg., i.e.

trace induces isom.

$$K_0 \left(\mathcal{D}_{B \times B}^{b, c}(G, \mathbb{Q}_\ell) \right) \cong \mathcal{H}(G, B)_{\mathbb{Q}_\ell}$$

maps constant sheaf on double coset to Hecke operator

- can be applied to geom. rep. theory, Khovanov homology,

motivic aspects in geom. rep. theory