## Location-allocation models in the presence of uncertain environment

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## Global warming



Sources: http://www.worldviewofglobalwarming.org/pages/rising-seas.html and http://globalwarmingart.com Location-allocation models in the presence of uncertain environment M. Kaiser, K. Klamroth

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## Impact zone: Coasts of Florida





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#### Two forcasts describing the population development in Germany until 2025:



Sources: www.bertelsmann-stiftung.de/cps/rde/xchg/bst/hs.xsl/nachrichten\_91824.htm and www.berlin-institut.org/weitere-veroeffentlichungen/demografischer-wandel.html Location-allocation models in the presence of uncertain environment M. Kaiser, K. Klamroth

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Flood scenarios with various probabilities:



Source: www.lfu.bayern.de/wasser/hw\_ue\_gebiete/informationsdienst/index.htm

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Continuous location-allocation problem



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distance measure: Manhattan-Norm weights:  $w^1 = (1, ..., 1)$ ,

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Continuous location-allocation problem with uncertain development of the according environment:

- various forbidden regions,
- different customer weights.



distance measure: Manhattan-Norm weights:  $w^1 = (1, \dots, 1), w^2 = (1, 1, 0.7, 0.7, 0.7, 0.7, 0.7, 0.7, 1, 1),$ 

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Find a solution, which is "optimal" for a "combination" of the future scenarios and the current situation, i.e.

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• locate *M* new facilities in the plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that:





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- locate *M* new facilities in the plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that:
- under each scenario s, all demand can be covered by feasible facilities that are not inside a forbidden region int(R<sup>s</sup>)

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- locate *M* new facilities in the plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that:
- ► under each scenario s, all demand can be covered by feasible facilities that are not inside a forbidden region int(R<sup>s</sup>)
- the (expected) total transportation cost is minimized (other objectives possible)

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- locate *M* new facilities in the plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that:
- ► under each scenario s, all demand can be covered by feasible facilities that are not inside a forbidden region int(R<sup>s</sup>)
- the (expected) total transportation cost is minimized (other objectives possible)
- for each scenario s, the cost of reallocating customers that were originally served by a facility that had to be closed is minimized

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## Assumptions

Assumptions on the forbidden regions  $R_q^s$ ,  $s \in S$ ,  $q \in Q^s$ :

- rectangular with boundaries parallel to the coordinate axes,
- possibility of more than one forbidden region in each scenario (i.e. |Q<sup>s</sup>| ∈ ℕ),
- not necessarily disjoint.

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Assumption on the distance measure:

block-norm or polyhedral gauge.

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- not necessarily disjoint.

Assumption on the distance measure:

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Assumption on the representation of the future uncertainty:

- discrete set of scenarios with  $|\mathcal{S}| < \infty$ ,
- ▶ probabilities given by  $p^s$  ( $0 \le p^s \le 1$ ,  $\sum_{s \in S} p^s = 1$ ).

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$$\begin{split} \min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n) \\ \min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s w_n^s d(x_m, a_n) \quad \forall s \in \mathcal{S} \\ \text{s.t.} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} = 1 \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N} \\ \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s = 1 \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \; \forall s \in \mathcal{S} \\ z_{nm}^s \leq 1 - y_m^s \; \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \; \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \; \forall s \in \mathcal{S} \\ y_m^s = \begin{cases} 1 \quad \text{if } x_m \in \mathcal{R}^s \\ 0 \quad \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \; \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \; \forall s \in \mathcal{S} \\ z_{nm}, z_{nm}^s, y_m^s \in \{0, 1\}, \; x_m \in \mathbb{R}^2 \\ \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \; \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \; \forall s \in \mathcal{S} \end{cases} \end{split}$$

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n)$$

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s w_n^s d(x_m, a_n) \quad \forall s \in S$$

$$\text{s.t.} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} = 1 \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}$$

$$\sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s = 1 \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall s \in S$$

$$z_{nm}^s \leq 1 - y_m^s \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \forall s \in S$$

$$y_m^s = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x_m \in \mathcal{R}^s \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \forall s \in S$$

$$z_{nm}, z_{nm}^s, y_m^s \in \{0, 1\}, x_m \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$\forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \forall s \in S \end{cases}$$

where

S

$$\mathcal{M} = \{1, \dots, M\}$$
$$\mathcal{N} = \{1, \dots, N\}$$

 $\triangleright$  S is a index set of scenarios  $s \in S$  with probabilities  $p^s$ 

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n)$$
  
$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s w_n^s d(x_m, a_n) \quad \forall s \in S$$
  
s.t. 
$$\sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} = 1 \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}$$
  
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$$z_{nm}, z_{nm}^s, y_m^s \in \{0, 1\}, \quad x_m \in \mathbb{R}^2$$
  
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$$\mathcal{M} = \{1, \dots, M\}$$
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- S is a index set of scenarios s∈S with probabilities p<sup>s</sup>
- ▶ *a<sub>n</sub>* are existing facilities
- *w<sub>n</sub><sup>s</sup>* are the weights of *a<sub>n</sub>* in scenario *s*
- *R<sup>s</sup>* is the union of the forbidden regions in scenario s

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n)$$

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s w_n^s d(x_m, a_n) \quad \forall s \in S$$

$$\text{s.t.} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} = 1 \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}$$

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$$z_{nm}, z_{nm}^s, y_m^s \in \{0, 1\}, \quad x_m \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

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where

$$\mathcal{M} = \{1, \dots, M\}$$
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- S is a index set of scenarios s∈S with probabilities p<sup>s</sup>
- ▶ *a<sub>n</sub>* are existing facilities
- w<sup>s</sup><sub>n</sub> are the weights of a<sub>n</sub> in scenario s
- *R<sup>s</sup>* is the union of the forbidden regions in scenario s
- *z<sub>nm</sub>* describes the allocation before and *z<sup>s</sup><sub>nm</sub>* the allocation after the realization of a scenario *s*

$$\min f^{0} = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_{n} d(x_{m}, a_{n})$$

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^{s} w_{n}^{s} d(x_{m}, a_{n}) - f^{0} \quad \forall s \in S$$

$$\text{s.t.} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} = 1 \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}$$

$$\sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^{s} = 1 \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall s \in S$$

$$z_{nm}^{s} \leq 1 - y_{m}^{s} \quad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \forall s \in S$$

$$y_{ms} = \begin{cases} 1 \quad \text{if } x_{m} \in \mathcal{R}^{s} \\ 0 \quad \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \forall s \in S$$

$$z_{nm}, z_{nm}^{s}, y_{ms} \in \{0, 1\}, x_{m} \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$$

$$\forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \forall s \in S \end{cases}$$

where

S

 $\blacktriangleright$   $f^0$  denotes the objective for the "original" scenario (no forbidden region)

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n) + \mathbb{E}(\zeta^s)$$
s.t. 
$$\sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} = 1 \qquad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}$$

$$\sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s = 1 \qquad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall s \in S$$

$$z_{nm}^s \leq 1 - y_m^s \qquad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall s \in S$$

$$z_{nm}, z_{nm}^s \in \{0, 1\} \qquad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \forall s \in S$$

$$x_m \in \mathbb{R}^2 \qquad \forall m \in \mathcal{M}$$

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with

$$\mathbb{E}(\zeta^{s}) = \sum_{s \in S} p^{s} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z^{s}_{nm} w^{s}_{n} d(x_{m}, a_{n}) \quad \text{(expectation of the 2nd stage objective)}$$

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$$\mathbb{E}(\zeta^{s}) = \sum_{s \in S} p^{s} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^{s} w_{n}^{s} d(x_{m}, a_{n}) \quad \text{(expectation of the 2nd stage objective)}$$

and

$$y_m^s = \left\{ egin{array}{ccc} 1 & ext{if } x_m \in \mathcal{R}^s \\ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{array} \; \; orall m \in \mathcal{M}, \; orall s \in \mathcal{S} \end{array} 
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## Recoverable robust location-allocation model (RLAP)

mir	$n\sum_{n=1}^{N}\sum_{m=1}^{M}z_{nm}w_{n}d(x_{m}, a_{n})$	
s.t.	$\sum_{m=1}^M z_{nm} = 1$	$\forall n \in \mathcal{N}$
	$\sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s = 1$	$\forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \ \forall s \in \mathcal{S}$
	$z_{nm}^s \leq 1 - y_m^s$	$\forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \ \forall s \in \mathcal{S}$
	$\sum_{n=1}^{N}\sum_{m=1}^{M}(z_{nm}^{s}w_{n}^{s}-z_{nm}w_{n})d(x_{m},a_{n})\leq h^{s}$	$\forall s \in \mathcal{S}$
	$z_{nm}, z_{nm}^s \in \{0,1\}$	$\forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \ \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \ \forall s \in \mathcal{S}$
	$x_m \in \mathbb{R}^2$	$\forall m \in \mathcal{M}$

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## Recoverable robust location-allocation model (RLAP)

$\forall s \in$
,

where  $h^s$  is an upper bound on the recovery costs.





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Optimal solutions of the two-stage stochastic programming model are efficient for the multicriteria model.

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Optimal solutions of the two-stage stochastic programming model are efficient for the multicriteria model.

MLAP objectives:

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n)$$
$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s w_n^s d(x_m, a_n) \quad \forall s \in S$$

SLAP objective: Weighted-sum scalarization

$$\min 1 \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n) + \sum_{s \in S} p^s \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s w_n^s d(x_m, a_n)$$

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At least one optimal solution of the recoverable robust model is efficient for the multicriteria regret model.

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MLARP objectives:

$$\min f^0 = \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{m=1}^M z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n)$$
$$\min \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{m=1}^M z_{nm}^s w_n^s d(x_m, a_n) - f^0 \quad \forall s \in S$$

RLAP

$$\begin{split} &\min\sum_{n=1}^{N}\sum_{m=1}^{M}z_{nm}w_nd(x_m,a_n)\\ &\text{s.t.}\sum_{n=1}^{N}\sum_{m=1}^{M}(z_{nm}^sw_n^s-z_{nm}w_n)d(x_m,a_n)\leq h^s \ \forall s\in\mathcal{S} \end{split}$$

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MLARP objectives:

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n)$$
  
$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} (z_{nm}^s w_n^s - z_{nm} w_n) d(x_m, a_n) \quad \forall s \in S$$

RLAP for fixed recovery  $h^s$ :  $\varepsilon$  – constraint scalarization

$$\min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n)$$
  
s.t. 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} (z_{nm}^s w_n^s - z_{nm} w_n) d(x_m, a_n) \le h^s \quad \forall s \in S$$

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$$\begin{split} \min \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} w_n d(x_m, a_n) + \mathbb{E}(\zeta^s) \\ \text{s.t.} & \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm} = 1 \qquad \forall n \in \mathcal{N} \\ & \sum_{m=1}^{M} z_{nm}^s = 1 \qquad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \ \forall s \in S \\ & z_{nm}^s \leq 1 - y_m^s \qquad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \ \forall s \in S \\ & z_{nm}, z_{nm}^s \in \{0, 1\} \qquad \forall n \in \mathcal{N}, \ \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \ \forall s \in S \\ & x_m \in \mathbb{R}^2 \qquad \forall m \in \mathcal{M} \end{split}$$

with

$$\mathbb{E}(\zeta^{s}) = \sum_{s \in S} p^{s} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z^{s}_{nm} w^{s}_{n} d(x_{m}, a_{n}) \quad \text{(expectation of the 2nd stage objective)}$$

and

$$y_m^s = \left\{ egin{array}{cc} 1 & ext{if } x_m \in \mathcal{R}^s \\ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{array} \; \; orall m \in \mathcal{M}, \; orall s \in \mathcal{S}. \end{array} 
ight.$$

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#### Theorem

- $\mathcal{P}_1$ : grid points of the construction grid,
- $\mathcal{P}_2$ : intersection points of the construction grid with the boundaries of forbidden regions  $\partial \mathcal{R}$ ,  $\mathcal{R} = \bigcup_{s \in S} \bigcup_{r \in O^s} R_r^s$ ,
- $\mathcal{P}_3$ : intersection points of line segments of boundaries of different forbidden regions.

Then: there is an optimal solution  $X^* = \{x_1^*, \ldots, x_m^*\}$  with

$$X^* \in \mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{G}} = \bigcup_{i \in \{1,2,3\}} \mathcal{P}_i.$$

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Example ( $\ell_1$ -norm):



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#### Input

Iteration loop

#### Stopping condition

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Alternating method to iteratively improve the location variables  $x_m$  of the new facilities and the allocations  $z_{nm}$  and  $z_{nm}^s$  of the customers.

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Alternating method to iteratively improve the location variables  $x_m$  of the new facilities and the allocations  $z_{nm}$  and  $z_{nm}^s$  of the customers.

#### Input

Problem data and initial guess for location variables.

#### Iteration loop

Sequentially solve the 1-median problems defined by the allocation variables  $z_{nm}$  and update the location and the allocation variables.

### Stopping condition

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#### Input

Problem data and initial guess for location variables.

#### Iteration loop

Sequentially solve the 1-median problems defined by the allocation variables  $z_{nm}$  and update the location and the allocation variables.

### Stopping condition

Stop after M successively considered not improving iterations.

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# Location-allocation heuristic (1-median subproblem)

Consider a mean-problem for the cluster  $m' \in \mathcal{M}$  with  $z_{nm}^0 = z_{nm}$ ,  $p^0 = 1$  and  $\overline{\mathcal{N}} := \{n \in \mathcal{N} : \exists z_{nm'}^s = 1\}$ :

$$\begin{split} \min \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} p^s \sum_{n=1}^{\bar{N}} \sum_{m=1}^{M} z^s_{nm} w_n d(x_{m'}, a_n) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad \sum_{m=1}^{M} z^s_{nm} = 1 \qquad \qquad \forall n \in \bar{\mathcal{N}}, \ \forall s \in \mathcal{S} \\ z^s_{nm} \leq 1 - y^s_m \qquad \qquad \forall n \in \bar{\mathcal{N}}, \ \forall s \in \mathcal{S} \\ z^s_{nm} \in \{0, 1\} \qquad \qquad \forall n \in \bar{\mathcal{N}}, \ \forall m \in \mathcal{M}, \ \forall s \in \mathcal{S} \\ x_{m'} \in \mathbb{R}^2 \end{split}$$

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Solution approach:

- 1) Solve the unrestricted 1-median problem.
- If ∃s ∈ S : x<sup>\*</sup><sub>m'</sub> ∈ R<sup>s</sup> consider additional candidates on the boundaries of the forbidden regions containing x<sup>\*</sup><sub>m'</sub>.

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## Genetic algorithm (GA) - basic ideas

#### Design

- individuals: coordinates of the *M* locations of one particular solution of (SLAP),
- genes: coordinates of one location of one solution of (SLAP),
- fitness function: objective function of (SLAP).

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### Initial population

Randomly combine all coordinates given by elements of  $\mathcal{P}_\mathcal{G}.$ 

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- genes: coordinates of one location of one solution of (SLAP),
- fitness function: objective function of (SLAP).

### Initial population

Randomly combine all coordinates given by elements of  $\mathcal{P}_\mathcal{G}.$ 

#### Generating new individuals (crossing-over and mutation)

- combination of single genes of two parent-individuals,
- building pairs (arbitrarily or by bipartite matching) of a gene from each parent, linking the pairs and choosing points on the connection line,
- use all genes of the two parents (infeasible solution) and remove iteratively the worst one until the solution is feasible.

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## Branch and Bound - basic ideas

### Branching

- combinatorial branching based on the allocation variables of the current scenario,
- successively fix the z<sub>nm</sub> considering one customer in each level of the branch and bound tree,
- generate *M* child nodes from one node by realizing every possible allocation of one unconnected customer.

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## Branch and Bound - basic ideas

### Branching

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- successively fix the z<sub>nm</sub> considering one customer in each level of the branch and bound tree,
- generate *M* child nodes from one node by realizing every possible allocation of one unconnected customer.

#### Bounds

- upper bound by LA heuristic (or objectives of completely evaluated nodes),
- lower bound of every node by evaluating the contribution of the partially constructed clusters.

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## LA heuristic

Computation time with Matlab 7.9, Dual-Core 2.80 GHz CPU and 4 GB memory:

2 future scenarios:

$M \setminus N$	10	20	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
2	0.0247	0.0179	0.0267	0.0621	0.0724	0.2610	0.8566	1.0931
3	0.0129	0.0279	0.0312	0.0644	0.1884	0.3793	0.8041	2.1899
5	0.0161	0.0219	0.0677	0.0957	0.2691	0.7110	1.9563	5.3643
10	0.0202	0.0326	0.0946	0.1275	0.4457	1.4313	2.3414	5.4916

#### 5 future scenarios:

$M \setminus N$	10	20	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
2	0.0139	0.0743	0.1581	0.1340	0.3052	0.2993	2.0992	2.5409
3	0.0281	0.0786	0.0441	0.2906	0.5216	0.7545	1.0009	6.3129
5	0.0323	0.1117	0.2134	0.2003	0.4455	1.0590	2.6459	8.7888
10	0.0492	0.0691	0.2671	0.2554	0.9458	1.1800	7.5720	32.7529

#### 10 future scenarios:

$M \setminus N$	10	20	50	100	250	500	1000	2000
2	0.1685	0.3933	0.2112	0.2706	1.2893	1.8686	3.2462	18.2116
3	0.1851	0.4454	0.4688	0.6975	3.5155	3.3666	4.5294	37.1779
5	0.1373	0.2736	0.6974	3.3337	7.1581	7.7755	38.4467	49.7630
10	0.2508	0.6780	2.0802	3.6927	4.2954	25.5889	38.2305	114.1883

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## LA heuristic and genetic algorithm

Average improvement (in percent) by metaheuristics compared to average LA heuristic run (considering 5 scenarios):

LA heuristic with multistart:

$M \setminus N$	100	250	500	1000	2000
2	18.8	19.7	19.2	19.2	18.1
3	19.1	20.4	19,7	19.5	20.4
5	20.1	19.3	18.2	17.5	17.7
10	17.6	18.5	17.3	16.2	16.9

#### ► GA finished by LA heuristic:

$M \setminus N$	100	250	500	1000	2000
2	18.8	19.7	19.1	20.3	20.6
3	19.1	20.5	19.5	20.2	20.4
5	20.2	20.0	18.3	20.4	19.7
10	18.1	19.6	21.5	20.5	20.9

#### Hybrid GA combined with LA heuristic:

$M \setminus N$	100	250	500	1000	2000
2	18.8	19.7	19.1	20.2	20.1
3	19.1	20.5	19.4	20.3	20.5
5	20.2	20.0	18.3	19.7	17.9
10	18.3	18.5	20.1	20.5	20.8

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Done:

- different models based on multicriteria approaches for the location-allocation problem with uncertain environment
- links between the models provided by the theory of multicriteria optimization
- theoretical results for (SLAP)
- heuristic solution approaches for (SLAP)
- exact solution approaches for (SLAP)

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- theoretical results for (SLAP)
- heuristic solution approaches for (SLAP)
- exact solution approaches for (SLAP)

To Do:

- numerical tests for the exact solution approaches for (SLAP)
- analysis and solution approaches for the recoverable robust location allocation model
- strictly robust (reference) model

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Thank you for your attention!

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